CONTENTS
VOL. 40 | NO. 8 | AUGUST 2019

FEATURING

34 YOUTUBE GUITAR HEROES
How four YouTube pros are turning video views into careers

42 ZOINKS! IT'S A JOHN 5 INVASION!
A Tele-master discusses his new album (and so much more)

48 BILLY GIBBONS ON 50 YEARS OF ZZ TOP
We look backwards and forwards with the legend — while a few peers (from Petrucci to Gilbert to Lofgren) choose their favorite ZZ Top tunes. There's a lesson too!

62 YNGWIE MALMSTEEN GETS "BLUESY"
The neoclassical shred pioneer covers Clapton, Hendrix, ZZ Top (yes!) and more on his new album, Blue Lightning

68 THE STRAY CATS ARE BACK!
Rockabilly master Brian Setzer talks gear, Stray Cats history and 40, the band's first studio album in a long, long, long time

74 LOOKING BACK WITH MIKE CAMPBELL
We revisit 1979 with the former Heartbreakers guitarist!

TRANSCRIBED

"Road Tripper"
by Red Hot Chili Peppers

PAGE 99

"The Number of the Beast"
by Iron Maiden

PAGE 103

"Trippin' on a Hole in a Paper Heart"
by Stone Temple Pilots

PAGE 110

"America, the Beautiful"
(solo-guitar and duet arrangements)

PAGE 115

DEPARTMENTS

14 WOODSHEL / MASTHEAD

16 SOUNDING BOARD
Letters, reader art, Defenders of the Faith

19 TUNE-UPS
The End Machine (featuring George Lynch), Mike Dawes, Daniel Donato, Jon Spencer, new gear, songs with out-of-tune guitar or bass parts and Guitarist of the Year

81 SOUNDCHECK
81. Eventide Rose
84. Fishman Fluence Open Core
Classic Humbuckers
86. PRS Guitars CE24 Semi-Hollow
87. Martin DJr-10E Dreadnought Junior

90 COLUMNS
90. String Theory by Jimmy Brown
92. In Deep by Andy Aledort
94. Full Shred by Jason Richardson
96. All That Jazz by Julian Lage

98 PERFORMANCE NOTES

122 TONAL RECALL
The secret behind Chris Cornell's instantly recognizable guitar tone on Soundgarden's 1994 hit, "Black Hole Sun"
[from left] Stray Cats Brian Setzer, Slim Jim Phantom and Lee Rocker
THREE COOL CATS

ROCKABILLY WHIRLWIND BRIAN SETZER TAKES YOU INSIDE 40, THE REUNITED STRAY CATS' FIRST NEW ALBUM IN 26 YEARS

IT'S BEEN 40 YEARS SINCE THE STRAY CATS first got together, and in celebration of that milestone the band have reformed for a tour and a new studio album, 40, which they recorded in Nashville at the end of 2018. The exciting news for fans is that rather than simply throwing a few covers together, the band came up with a disc of all-new original material that stands comfortably side by side with the best work in their catalog. Covering all the bases, from straight-ahead rockabilly to moody spaghetti-western-vibed cuts, the constant is the clear commitment to creating a legacy-worthy body of work instead of a going-through-the-motions cash-in.

By MARK MCSTEA • Photography RUSS HARRINGTON
Most of the songs are penned by frontman-guitarist Brian Setzer — either on his own or in collaboration with Mike Himelstein, who has co-composer credits (with Setzer) on a number of Brian Setzer Orchestra tunes. The exception is “When Nothing’s Going Right,” which was written and sung by bassist Lee Rocker. One of the catchiest tracks on the album, it would’ve been a sure-fire hit single back in the day. Drummer Slim Jim Phantom is in fine form in “human metronome” mode, and the whole package is a potent snapshot of state-of-the-art rockabilly in the 21st century.

Central to most songs is the instantly identifiable voice of Brian Setzer and his equally distinctive guitar licks. Whether blazing through a high-octane rockabilly shred piece or compering through the entire jazz chord book, the signature Setzer Gretsch tone is right there, up-front and in your face. Setzer — arguably the greatest rockabilly guitarist of all time — manages to find new ways to wring out riffs, solos and fills that revitalize the genre.

Whether discussing the new album, guitarists, the roots of the Stray Cats or particular forgotten tracks from across the years, Setzer is enthusiastic and passionate about the music he plays and appreciative of the fact that he’s been able to sustain a long career doing the thing he loves most.

“I think all Stray Cats fans would’ve been delighted just to see you play one more tour together, so the announcement that you were about to release an album of new material was more than they could’ve hoped for. Were the songs written for the band, or were they songs you and Lee would’ve used anyway in other projects?”

I started writing songs just out of the blue. It’s funny because I always need some kind of inspiration to write, and I got this old Fender Reverb unit. I was really impressed with the sound coming out of it, and I started writing spaghetti westerns. I had no idea where that came from. Then I spoke to Jim, and he said, “Hey, it’s our 40th anniversary coming up. We should do something.” I got kinda excited by that and said, “Let me write a song for you.” All of a sudden it started to snowball, and I had three or four of those. I suppose still it wasn’t specifically Stray Cats songs as such, more that I was writing music.

Had you and Lee been in close contact over the years?

Oh yeah, we’d been in touch, but I suppose it was mostly me and Jim. I’d maybe be watching sports or something and I might call Jim and say, “Hey, did you see that?” But I think writing the tunes really inspired us to get the ball rolling.

In one of the promo clips for 40, producer Peter Collins says there’s a certain kind of magic when the three of you play together. I know you’ve all got great players in your separate projects, but do you feel that spark when you’re all together? Yeah, it’s like a sibling thing. It’s a definite chemistry when the three of us play. You
I can't even give you the name of. So many great solos on records where we'll never know who the guitarist was — especially some of the obscure stuff that might not have ever been a hit. There's like a thousand unknown guys out there who came up with one really great solo, and they weren't listed anywhere as having played on the song.

You're also taking the Rockabilly Riot band out on tour once the Stray Cats dates have been completed. Given that there's a degree of overlap on the set lists, how does the feel differ from playing them with Stray Cats as opposed to the Riot Squad guys?

It is definitely different. With the Rockabilly Riot guys it's me, ya know? I play more guitar solos, do more instrumentals. The guys are supporting me, whereas the Stray Cats are a band, and so when we're playing together it's about the band. I enjoy them both.

The Brian Setzer Orchestra has been a big part of your career. Is it the logistical and cost constraints that limit how much you can do with the BSO?

I would definitely do it more often; it's just too expensive to drag that thing around the world.

You've been really prolific for years. What is it that drives you and keeps it fresh for you after all of this time?

It's always a guitar riff. I'll be sitting around and come up with a riff, and it just comes out of me, and it'll be so inspiring that I'll have to finish the song. And there are certain tones I still love — tape delay and the twang of a Gretsch, that little Fender Reverb unit — those sounds are so inspiring to me.

Rolling back to the early days of the band, you went to the U.K. in 1980 to try to make something happen. Was it because there was no real rock 'n' roll scene in the States at the time?

Other than what we were starting to stir up, no, absolutely not — particularly in the way the U.K. had kept not only rock 'n' roll but blues and jazz alive. Credit where credit's due for that.

When you hooked up with Dave Edmunds to produce your debut album, it was a funny coincidence that he'd played in a fictional band called the Stray Cats in the 1973 movie That'll Be the Day. Seems like fate...

At the time we got together, I had no idea! And being Dave Edmunds, he didn't even mention it to us until probably the second album. Isn't that crazy, though?

The self-titled debut album and its singles — "Runaway Boys," "Rock This Town" and "Stray Cat Strut" — were very successful. Yet, the second album, 1981's Gonna Ball, didn't do quite as well. [Note: Songs from the first two albums were repackaged into a U.S-only release called Built for Speed in 1982]. The sound on the second album seems, in hindsight, to be moving more to what you would later do in BSO — more bluesy, jump blues and old-time R&B. "You Don't Believe Me" has a great slide guitar part. What prompted the change?

That was us kind of dropping the ball, I think. Once you get the hit and you get something good going, I would say, "Sounds great — let's change it." And I'm thinking later, "Why?" I think that was just not really thinking it through. I think we got it back together for the third album, Ram'n' Rave with the Stray Cats [1983].

That was a great album, yet critics didn't receive it well. It was that predictable backlash that so many acts suffer after the first flush of success. Did that response frustrate you?

Man, you've got to have a thick skin in this business. You just do what you do. I don't worry about that kind of thing.

"Look at That Cadillac" [1984] could've been a BSO song. Was that a side of you that you'd been itching to express?

Well, that's right. That had been in the back of my mind. I always knew how to read and write music. I wanted to put a big band behind my guitar, so I think you're right, that was probably the beginning of that. Writing all those parts and figuring it all out.

After the first real split from the Stray Cats, you came out with your first solo album, The Knife Feels Like Justice [1986]. That was a real left turn for you — two guitars, female backing singers, even the guitar choice with the Telecaster. Was that a conscious decision to shift away from what you were expected to do?

Not so much a deliberate change, I suppose, but as a musician you want to try to do different things. You want to try something new. You try things; some work out great, and sometimes you fall flat on your face. You have to do whatever you feel like or else you'll only look back and have regrets.

You've not revisited a lot of your older songs from the earlier solo years. Is that because you don't feel they work as well for you now stylistically?
I think what it is—and it's a good problem to have, if you ask me—is that I have so many songs that people will expect to hear that I can't leave out. If I didn't play certain songs people would get pissed, you know?

Around that late Eighties, at the end of the first run of Stray Cats and onto the first solo album, you had another guitarist—Tommy Byrnes—in the band. You had a different interplay going on with things like "Stray Cat Strut." Did it feel too restrictive to have another guitarist ultimately?

No, it was kinda nice. You could lay back and sing a little more. I got into the "twin guitar solo" thing as well—that was fun to experiment with. At this point it's really fun to play with a three-piece. I think it's where I play the best, just a bass and drums—the way it started.

I suppose it must be very liberating for you as well.

Yes. You can run where you want. With the big band if those guys are hitting a chord, you'd better be hitting that chord. It's the big leagues. In the three-piece band, if the bass is playing C, I can do any kind of scale or chord working off that root note—you're more wide open.

Songs from Lonely Avenue [2009] was a great album in your catalog that kind of got overlooked. It had a different feel from a lot of your other work.

That's an album I thought I'd gone a little farther. I got nominated for a Grammy for it. It was a real interesting album for me. I recorded it in a basement. I really like the songwriting on that one. I got to play some of the songs live. That's one that I would've liked to have gotten a little more mileage out of because I loved playing those songs.

You've been "Mr. Gretsch" for 40 years. Do you play anything different at home?

Any Strats or Les Pauls?

I have a bit of a fascination with Stratocasters, but every time I pick one up, I go, "I can't play it." The middle pickup gets in the way, I don't like the scale, the volume control is right in the way there, the screws on the bridge dig into my palm. But I think it's like a mid-century piece of modern art. When it comes down to it, it's just the [Gretsch] 6120s that have everything for me. Nothing feels right after a Gretsch. It has to be an archtop, through, with the air moving in and out and you can play with the sound coming out of the amp.

People might not remember that the first signature guitar you had, in the mid Eighties, was actually a Guild Bluesbird.

You're right. That was so long ago. Gretsch wasn't coming to the plate; I don't think they were really making guitars. Guild did come up to the plate and said, "We'll make you a guitar." When Gretsch got wind of it they said, "Hey, we'll make you a guitar." I've got a great old Guild acoustic guitar; Guild made great guitars. But yeah, I've always been a Gretsch guy fundamentally.

Your own work and the Stray Cats have been heavily bootlegged. There are hundreds of shows out there. Does the bootlegging bother you?

Ha! Everything you do now is pretty much out there. When it first came out it was a big deal but now—gosh, you know they're stealing pennies from you—it's a laugh. It's nice that people want to listen to you. The people who are getting the bootlegs are probably the serious fans anyway who are buying all of your legitimate releases. I must say, we have some really devoted fans. We get people at all of our gigs who'll travel across the world. It's such a blessing. I really appreciate that level of support that means I'm able to keep what I'm doing through all my different projects. I've been very lucky. People have stuck by me through all the things that I've done. I've been on a great musical journey.